A COMPLETE PHONICS RESOURCE TO SUPPORT CHILDREN



Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading





A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

OECD (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



How many times have you already read today?





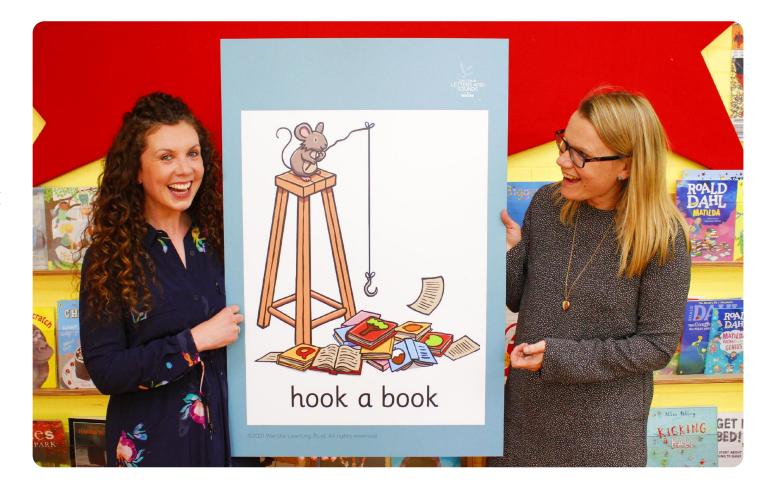


Phonics

Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised



Chestnuts has chosen Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised as our systematic, synthetic phonics (SSP) programme to teach early reading and spelling.





Phonics is:

55

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.



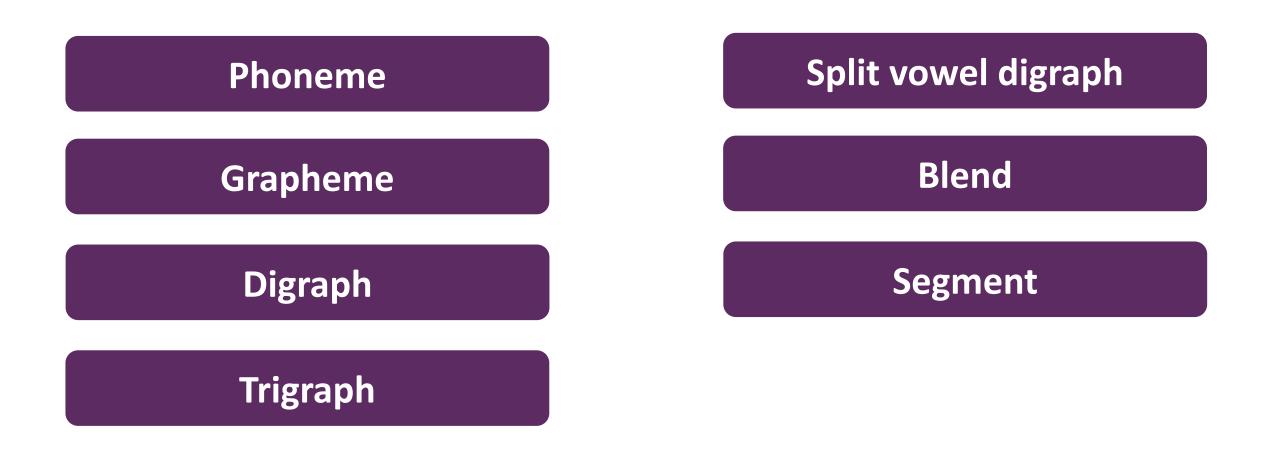
Blending to read words





Terminology





Phoneme

The smallest unit of sound in a word. There are around 44 phonemes in English and they are represented by graphemes in writing. Phonemes are usually shown as symbols between two forward slashes. For example, /b/ or /ch/.

Grapheme

A grapheme is simply a way of writing down a phoneme. A grapheme can be one letter (s), two letters (ir), three letters (igh) or four letters in length (tough).

Blending

Blending involves merging the sounds in a word together in order to pronounce it. This is important for reading. For example, j-a-m blended together reads the word jam.

Digraph

A grapheme made up of two letters that makes one sound (sh in fish).

Terminology



Segmenting

Segmenting involves breaking up a word that you hear into its sounds. This helps with spelling because if you know what graphemes represent the sounds in the word, you can write it! For example, the word jam is segmented into the sounds j-a-m.

Split digraph

A digraph that is split between a consonant (a-e in make). A split digraph usually changes the sound of the first vowel. For example, compare the pronunciation between hug and huge.

Tricky words

Words that are commonly used in English, but they have complex spelling patterns which make them difficult to read and write. For example: said, of and was.

Trigraph

A grapheme made up of three letters that makes one sound (igh in high).

Teaching order



Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
S S	Snake	Show your teeth and and let the s hiss out ssssss ssssss	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.
Q a	astronaut	Open your mouth wide and make the ' a ' sound at the back of your mouth a a a	Around the astronaut's helmet, and down into space.
b t	tiger	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press t t t	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.
p p	penguin	Bring your lips together and push them open and say p p p	Down the penguin's back, up and round its head.
je i	iguana	pull your lips back and make the 't' sound at the back of your mouth i i i	Down the iguana's body, then draw a dot [on the leaf] at the top.
h n		Open your lips a bit,put your tongue behind your teeth and make the nnnn sound nnnn	Down the stick, up and over the net.

Phase 2 grapheme information sheet

Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
jj	jellyfish	Pucker your lips and show your teeth use your tongue as you say jjj	All the way down the jellyfish. Dot on its head.
V 💸	volcano	Put your teeth against your bottom lip and make a buzzing vvvv vvvv	Down to the bottom of the volcano, and back up to th top.
		Pucker your lips and keep them small as you say w w w	From the top of the wave to the bottom, up the wave down the wave, then up again.
X	box	Mouth open then push the cs/x sound through as you close your mouth cs cs cs (x x x)	Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box. Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box.
		Smile, tongue to the top of	Down and round the yo-yo

Autumn 2

Gradually your child learns the entire alphabetic code:



Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression

Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l	is I the
Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
 ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with -s /s/ added at the end (hats sits) words ending -s /z/ (his) and with -s /z/ added at the end (baas) 	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be

*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words
ai ee igh oa oo oo ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters • longer words	was you they my by all are sure pure

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words
 Review Phase 3 longer words, including those with double letters words with -s /z/ in the middle words with -es /z/ at the end words with -s /s/ and /z/ at the end 	Review all taught so far

Sun	nmer 1 Phase 4	New tricky words
• C	rt vowels with adjacent consonants VCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVCC	said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today
	onger words and compound words rords ending in suffixes:	

Year 1

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2–4
Review Phase 3 and 4 Phase 5 /ai/ ay play /ow/ ou cloud /oi/ oy toy	Phases 2–4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today
	there little one when out what says h

*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
/ur/ ir bird	their people oh your
/igh/ ie pie	Mr Mrs Ms ask*
/oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue	could would should our
/yoo/ u unicorn	house mouse water want
loal o go	
/igh/ i tiger	
/ai/ a paper	
leel e he	
/ai/ a-e shake	
/igh/ i-e time	
loal o-e home	
/oo/ /yoo/ u-e rude cute	
/ee/ e-e these	
lool lyool ew chew new	
/ee/ ie shield	
/or/ aw claw	

*The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
/ee/ y funny /e/ ea head /w/ wh wheel /oa/ oe ou toe shoulder /igh/ y fly /oa/ ow snow	any many again who whole where two school call different thought through friend work

Example lesson format R/Y1

Lesson focus	Revisit and review	Teach and	practise							Practise and apply					
	GPCs	Pronunciation phrase	Initial/end sounds: What's in the box?		Formation phrase	Oral blending	Teacher-led blending word	Tricky	words Oral b	lending game					
nake		Show your teeth and let the s hiss out sssss	sock sun star snake	s snake	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.				Can y t-o-p l-e-g h-ea-d ar-m	ou touch your	?				
a a stronaut	S	Open your mouth wide and make the a sound at the back of your mouth a a	ant apple arrow astronaut	a astronaut	Around the astronaut's helmet and down into space.				n-o-d y c-l-a-p t-a-p ye	ou do the actions our head your hands our foot our tummy	:?				
t tiger	s a	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt	teddy toast teeth tiger	t tiger	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.		Week		Year 1 pl			Spring 1		1	
		press c c c			the uger.		focus	GPCs	visit and review Words	r Tricky words	-	each and practi Oral blending		Example definitions and sentences	New trie
o oenguin	sat	Bring your lips together, push them open and say P P P	pencil pizza peg penguin	p penguin	Down the penguin's back, up and around its head.		/ee/ y funn y	ee ea e u-e u ue ay a a-e ie i i-e	beach these even heap between lea	st water	GPC leel y	h-a-pp-y s-i-ll-y s-m-e-ll-y	happy silly funny hairy carry smelly	hairy My dog is very hairy! carry I helped Mum carry the shopping bags.	word n/a
Review	satp	Graphemes to display: s a t p	Match initial sound to object:	4.			<i>lel</i> ea h ea d	e y ir aw ue u ew ow	smelly growl bena silly fever third	h want water	lel ea	h-ea-d b-r-ea-d r-ea-d-y	feather head bread ready break/fast spread	ready Are you ready to learn more? Yes! spread I spread jam on my toast in the morning – yum!	any
			star snake apple teddy penguin tiger pencil				/w/ wh wh eel	weyir awueu ew	head bread hairy happy winking checking	want water any	/w/ wh	wh-ee-l wh-i-s-p-er wh-ai-l	whisper wheel white whale whimper [when]	whimper My dog hurt its paw and gave a sad little whimper. whisper Shhhh! When we are trying to be quiet, we whisper.	i many
							Grow the code: /oa/ toe shoulder	oa o o-e e y ea wh ir aw ue u ew	Where in the word?: floating stone woke explo most open	de want water	loal oe ou	t-oe g-oe-z w-oe	toe woe goes shoulder boulder	woe He fell over at school and told Dad his tale of woe when he got home. shoulder The part of our bodies between the neck and the top of our arms. boulder A boulder is a really big rock - you would find it hard to lift a boulder!	ag ai n
							Review	e y ea wh oa o ir aw ue u ew	Sort the e/ee words: feather spread ready eati least treat	want water any many ng again	n/a	n/a	Match the words to the pictures: whale wheel shoulder breakfast toe head	Quick review: smelly hairy silly whisper white whimper goes boulder bread	n/a

LETTERS AND SOUNDS REVISED

S Practise and apply

happy

funny +

head

any

wheel

many

white +

shoulder -

again

carry

bread +

Reading times a v

prac

tice

sessions

with

deco

dable

rec

Iding

books

three

Read/write Spelling

children being water silly on the

the sentence

Look at

beach. Is there any

bread for

breakfast?

I feel happy

whale is near

on a boulder

with my toes

in the water.

Write:

I was sitting toe

A joke can be whisper funny or silly.

when the

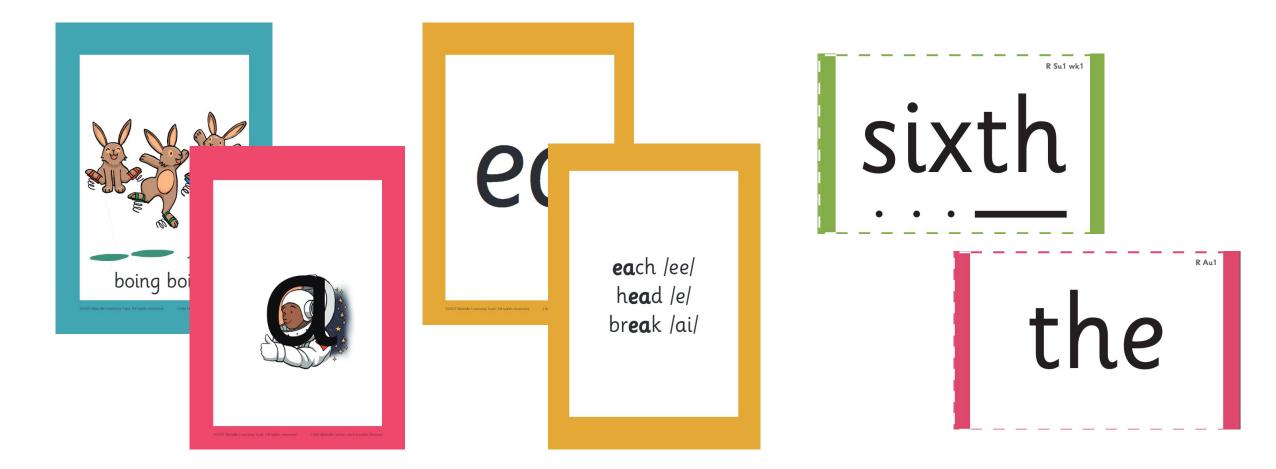
me in the water.

the happy

New tricky

How we make learning stick





Grow the code

Grow	the	code	grap	heme	mat	P	nase	2, 3 d	and 5	Grow	the co	de gra	pheme
S	B	X	a	1	đ.	t?	6	٢	T.		1		2
S	t	р	n	m	d	9	с	r	h	ai	ee	igh	oa
SS	tt	рр	nn	mm	dd	99	k	rr		ay	ea	ie	0
с			kn	mb			ck	wr		a	е	i	0-е
se			gn				сс			a-e	e-e	i-e	ou
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		-		1000		-	3			al			
ch	sh	th	ng	nk	a	е	i	0	u	a			
tch	ch					ea	у	a	о-е	oar			
ture	ti								ou	ore			
	ssi si									*depending on reg	jional accent		
	ci												
	CL												

Little Wandle LETTERS AND SOUNDS REVISED

Phase 2, 3 and 5

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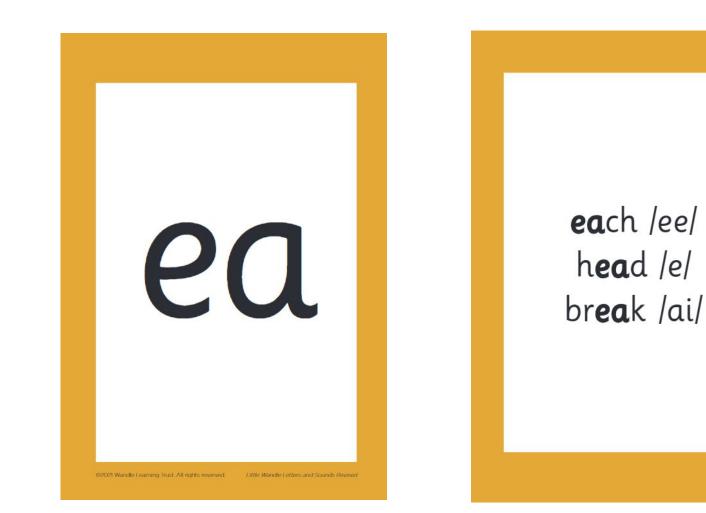
eer



Reading and spelling

Reading and spelling





And all the different ways to write the phoneme sh:



shellcaptionchefmansionspecialpassion

Tricky words





Spelling





- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.

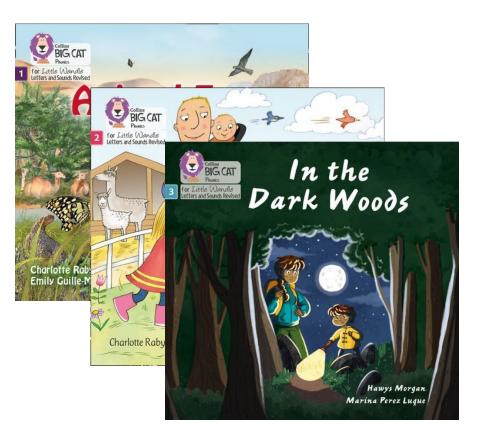
We use assessment to match your child the right level of book



Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised Reception Child assessment

Autumn 1

m	a	р	С	0
S	g	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	l
sat	man	hug	red	pe <u>ck</u>



Reading a book at the right level



This means that your child should:

- Know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- Read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- Only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words.





Reading at home

The most important thing you can do is read with your child

Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.

Parental involvement in the development of children's reading skills: A five-year longitudinal study (2002) Senechal, M. and Lefvre, J





Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book with little help.
- If they can't read a word read it to them using phonics (where able to).
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.





Supporting your child with phonics



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



Phase 3 sounds taught in Reception Spring 1

Read to your child



The library book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can: o Introduce new and exciting language o Encourage your child to use new
 - vocabulary
 - o Make up sentences together
 - o Find different words to use
 - o Describe things you see.





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One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

